



IDEXX SNAP® Tests		Species	Kit size (pc)	Ag/ Ab <sup>1</sup>	Sample <sup>2</sup>	Storage	Time to read result	Sensitivity 95% CL <sup>3</sup>	Specificity 95% CL <sup>3</sup>	When to test	Dilution Sample/Conjugate	Pictures of positive tests			
VECTOR-BORNE	<b>Heartworm</b> <i>Dirofilaria immitis</i>		5 / 15 / 30	Ag	Blood <sup>2</sup>		2-25°C		8	98 % (94,0 -100 %)	100 % (98,0 -100 %)	5-7 months after exposure			
	<b>4Dx®</b> <b>Anaplasma</b> <i>Anaplasma phagocytophilum, Anaplasma platys</i>		5 / 15 / 30	Ab	Blood <sup>2</sup>		2-8°C		8	99,1 % (96,5 -100 %)	100 % (98,0 -100 %)	From 3-6 weeks after exposure. If symptomatic and 4Dx® test is negative, confirm with PCR			
	<b>Heartworm</b> <i>Dirofilaria immitis</i>		5 / 15 / 30	Ag	Blood <sup>2</sup>		2-8°C		8	99,2 % (94,8 -100 %)	100 % (98,0 -100 %)	5-7 months after exposure			
	<b>Lyme Disease</b> <i>Borrelia burgdorferi C<sub>6</sub></i>		5 / 15 / 30	Ab	Blood <sup>2</sup>		2-8°C		8	98,8 % (95,4 - 99,9 %)	100 % (98,0 -100 %)	3-6 weeks after exposure			
	<b>Ehrlichia</b> <i>Ehrlichia canis</i>		5 / 15 / 30	Ab	Blood <sup>2</sup>		2-8°C		8	96,2 % (90,1- 98,8 %)	100 % (98,0 -100 %)	1-3 weeks after exposure			
	<b>Leishmania</b> <i>Leishmania infantum</i>		10 / 30	Ab	Blood <sup>2</sup>		2-8°C		6	96,3 %	99,2 %	2-3 months after exposure			
RETROVIRUS	<b>Feline Combo</b> FeLV p27		5 / 15 / 30	Ag	Blood <sup>2</sup>		2-8°C		10	100 % (95,3 -100 %)	98,6 % (95,7 - 99,7 %)	Minimum of 28 days after exposure			
	<b>FIV</b> p15, p24 and gp40		5 / 15 / 30	Ab	Blood <sup>2</sup>		2-8°C		10	99,2 % (95 -100 %)	100 % (97,8 -100 %)	Minimum of 60 days after exposure			
	<b>FeLV</b> FeLV p27		5 / 15 / 30	Ag	Blood <sup>2</sup>		2-8°C		10	100 % (91,3%-100%)	99,2 % (95,4%-100%)	Minimum of 28 days after exposure			
CARDIAC	<b>Feline pro BNP</b>	<b>NTproBNP</b>		5 / 10	NT-proBNP	Blood		2-8°C		10	85%	85%	When you hear a murmur or suspect heart disease	3 drops sam, 5 drops con.	
FECAL	<b>Parvo</b> Canine Parvovirus 2a, 2b, 2c		5	Ag	Faeces		2-25°C		8	100 % (94,0 -100 %)	100 % (98,0 -100 %)	4-8 days after exposure	5 drops of the sample/conjugate solution		
	<b>Giardia</b> <i>Giardia lamblia</i>		5 / 15	Ag	Faeces		2-8°C		8	92 - 96 % (87,0 - 99,0 %)	99 % (96,0 -100 %)	5-8 days after exposure	5 drops of the sample/conjugate solution		
PANCREATITIS	<b>cPL</b> Canine Pancreas-specific Lipase		10	N/A	Serum		2-8°C		10	94 % <sup>4</sup>	97,4 % <sup>4</sup>	When an abnormal result is found, the cPL/fPL levels should be quantified with the complimentary Spec cPL/fPL® test at your IDEXX Reference Laboratory	3 / 4		
	<b>fPL</b> Feline Pancreas-specific Lipase		10	N/A	Serum		2-8°C		10	87 %	100 %		3 / 4		
FOAL	<b>Foal IgG</b> Immunoglobulin G (IgG)		10	-	Blood <sup>2</sup>		2-7°C		7	88 %	90 %	First 12-18h of life	see instruction	 <400 mg/dL	

Samples must be at room temperature (15°–30°C) before beginning the test procedure.

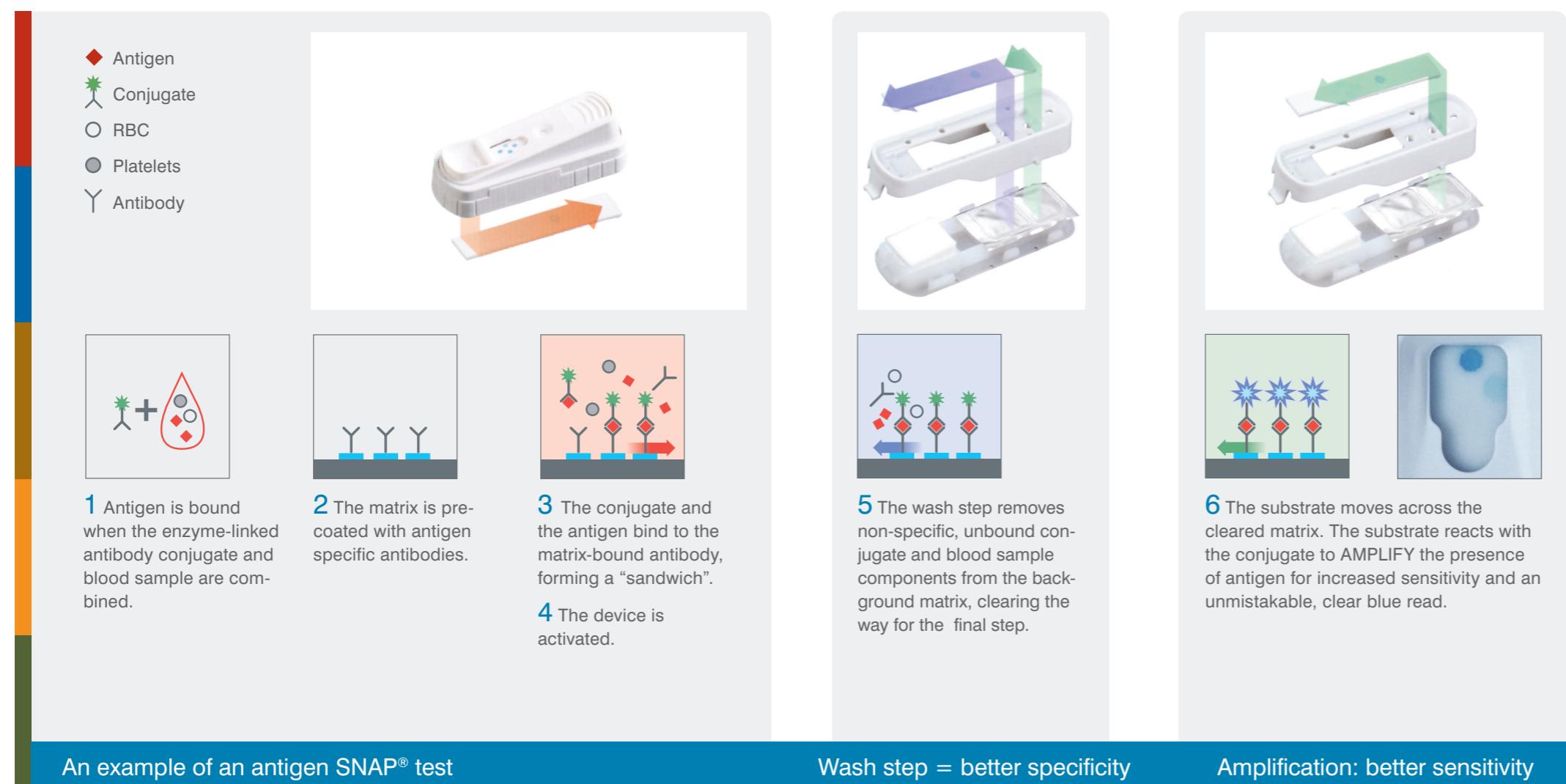
<sup>1</sup> Antigen (Ag) or Antibody (Ab) <sup>2</sup> Blood (Anticoagulant-Treated Whole Blood; Serum/Plasma) <sup>3</sup> CL = Confidence Limit <sup>4</sup> Correlation with Spec cPL® test

**IDEXX**  
LABORATORIES



# ELISA Technology explained

## SNAP® Rapid Assay Test – ELISA Technology (Enzyme-linked immunosorbent Assay)

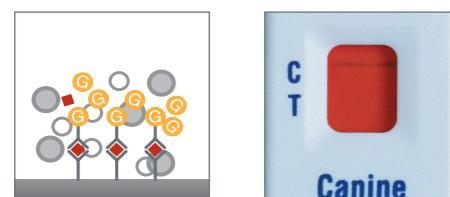


**The IDEXX SNAP® range of in-house tests harbours ELISA technology.** This technology correlates to reference laboratory quality and is considered to be the gold-standard for in-house diagnostics. SNAP® devices detect for antigen and/or antibody in blood or faeces of the animal. SNAP® has two unique characteristics that ensure highest sensitivity and specificity: the wash- and amplification step.

**In Summary:**

- Gold standard ELISA technology = Reference Laboratory Technology
- Drives high sensitivity by wash and amplification step
- SNAP® offers multi analyte platform: 1 drop of blood tests accurately for more diseases in one go

## Competing assays



They use lateral flow technology that relies on clumping gold particles to reveal test results. Additionally, lateral flow tests do not include a wash step, making results difficult to interpret due to unbound blood components that obscure the read-line.